

**THE DAILY GAZETTE.**  
Published every evening, except Sundays, by  
THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY  
TERMS:  
One year delivered in city by Carrier.....\$3.00  
Faree outside, if paid in advance.....2.00  
One year of mail, in advance.....5.00  
Parts of year at same rate.  
**JOB PRINTING.**  
Book and every description of Commercial and  
Job printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job  
Office.  
Entered at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as  
second-class matter.

**Republican State Ticket.**

For Governor—  
**WILLIAM E. SMITH**, of Milwaukee.  
For Lieutenant Governor—  
**J. M. BINGHAM**, of Chippewa.  
For Secretary of State—  
**HANS B. WARNER**, of Pierce.  
For State Treasurer—  
**RICHARD GUENTHER**,  
of Winnebago.  
For Attorney General—  
**ALEXANDER WILSON**, of Iowa.  
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—  
**W. C. WHITFORD**, of Rock.

**COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS**

First District—  
**J. W. WEST**, of Union.  
Second District—  
**WILLIAM JONES**, of Clinton.  
Third District—  
**S. L. LORD**, of Fulton.

**REPUBLICAN RALLIES.**

When, Where, and by Whom Repub-  
lican Meetings will be Addressed.  
REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE,  
MILWAUKEE, OCT. 16, 1879.  
The following Republican meetings will  
be held at the time and places given be-  
low:  
HON. JAMES G. BLAINE—  
Milwaukee, Friday Oct. 17.  
HON. ZACH CHANDLER—  
Milwaukee, Tuesday Oct. 22.  
Oshkosh, Wednesday Oct. 23.  
Janesville, Thursday Oct. 24.  
GOV. W. E. SMITH—  
Prairie du Chien, Friday Oct. 17.  
HON. CHARLES G. WILLIAMS—  
Berlin, Friday Oct. 17.  
HON. E. W. KEYES—  
Lancaster, Tuesday Oct. 21.  
Platteville, Wednesday Oct. 22.  
Mineral Point, Thursday Oct. 23.  
Dodgeville, Friday Oct. 24.  
HON. THOS. M. NICHOL—  
Bloomington, Saturday Oct. 18.  
Darlington, Tuesday Oct. 21.  
Monroe, Wednesday Oct. 22.  
J. W. WILCOX—  
J. W. WILCOX, State Treasurer—  
Wausau, Friday Oct. 17.  
JUDGE DOWNS, of Arkansas—  
North Bend, Friday, October 17.  
Melrose, Saturday, October 18.  
Angusta, Monday, October 20.  
Baldwin, Tuesday, October 21.  
Hammond, Wednesday, October 22.  
River Falls, Thursday, October 23.  
Elsworth, Friday, October 24.  
Prescott, Saturday, October 25.  
New Richmond, Monday, October 27.  
Clear Lake, Tuesday, October 28.  
COL. F. W. WILCOX—  
Dartford, Friday, October 17.  
Princeton, Saturday, October 18.  
Westfield, Monday, October 20.  
Friendship, Tuesday, October 21.  
Wautoma, Wednesday, October 22.  
Pittsfield, Thursday, October 23.  
Medford, Friday, October 24.  
Phillips, Saturday, October 25.  
Stevens Point, Monday, October 27.  
Clintonville, Tuesday, October 28.  
Shawano, Wednesday, October 29.  
New London, Thursday, October 30.  
Marquette, Friday, October 31.  
Peshigo, Saturday, November 1.  
Oconto, Monday, November 3.  
HON. J. F. STEELE—  
Racine, Monday, October 20.  
Elkhorn, Tuesday, October 21.  
Monroe, Wednesday, October 22.  
Wausau, Thursday, October 23.  
Columbia, Friday, October 24.  
Sparta, Saturday, October 25.  
Cross, Monday, October 27.  
Menomonie, Tuesday, October 28.  
Hudson, Wednesday, October 29.

The Ohio men are wonderful bouncers.  
July heat in October has probably come  
to an end.

The policy to starve the Government has  
come to grief.

When they speak of the Democracy in  
Ohio, they say the late Democratic party.

Everything seems to be on the rise—iron,  
wheat, lumber, cotton, the Grant boom, and  
Republican majorities.

We publish to-day in this issue of the  
Gazette, an article on the "Waste of Life."  
It will be read with interest, and should  
be read with profit.

A change of 50,000 in Ohio in favor of  
the Republicans, and a change of over 70  
members of the Legislature, are the results  
of Tuesday's work.

The Republican ranks in Wisconsin  
have been largely increased since the vic-  
tories in Iowa and Ohio. It is the fashion  
now to become stalwart.

Four pecks make a bushel, thirty-six  
bushels make one chaldron, four bushels  
in England make one eom, and 20,000  
majority in Ohio makes a pretty good Re-  
publican victory.

With all the talk about 20,000 majority  
in Ohio and 35,000 or 30,000 in Iowa, the  
fate of the four Greenback candidates is not  
even mentioned or hinted at. No one will  
so much as recognize them in defeat.

That eminent statesman and profound  
financial philosopher, who dined with all  
sorts of heretics concerning money—Allen  
G. Thurman—can't so much as be a Presi-  
dential elector, let alone a Presidential  
candidate.

A proper diagnosis of the disease which  
killed Ewing and Thurman will reveal the  
fact that they were too much afflicted with  
inflation, had nursed the rag baby too long,  
and sympathized with the frauds and the  
murderers in the South.

**THE JANESE GAZETTE.**

VOLUME 23 JANESEVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1879. NUMBER 190

**THE NEWS.**

**Terrible Depredations by the  
Indians in the Rio Grande  
Valley.**

**The People of Colorado Besieged  
by the Savages.**

**Who Have Been Fighting the  
Red Devils Since Last Sat-  
urday.**

**The Indians Defeat the Volun-  
teers Under Captain Crouch.**

**Two Wagon Trains Captured  
and a Large Number of Peo-  
ple Killed.**

**Foster's Majority in Ohio Foots  
Up 20,000.**

**While Governor Gear Will Get  
25,000 Majority Over All in  
Iowa.**

**Successful Results of the Cre-  
mation of De La Moynie's  
Body.**

**The Situation of the Milwaukee  
Wheat Market.**

**NEW MEXICO.**

**Terrible Depredations by the  
Indians in the Rio Grande Valley.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—A dispatch  
from Tucson, Arizona, says: "A special to  
the Daily Star from Silver City, N. M.,  
says: 'Indians have been committing ter-  
rible depredations in the Rio Grande Val-  
ley and southwest of Fort Cummings for  
several days past. The people of Colorado  
have been besieged and fighting since  
Saturday, and appeal for aid. Sun-  
day a volunteer company of  
thirty men, under Captain John C. Crouch,  
went from Mesilla and Crouse to their  
aid. They met a hundred Indians near  
Colorado, eighteen miles from Slocum's  
ranch, on the side of the road.  
After a severe fight the volunteers  
were compelled to fall back. They had a  
running fight into Slocum's ranch. The killed  
in this fight were W. T. Jones, County Clerk  
of Donabue County, and four  
Mexicans. On receipt of  
the news at Mesilla two companies  
of eighty men were raised under Colonel  
Lyndon, composed of the best men in the  
Mesilla Valley. The companies were to  
join Crouch to-day at Slocum's and go to  
Colorado.  
Two trains were captured yesterday on  
the west side of Slocum's. In one of them  
eleven men, one woman, and one child  
were killed. In the other all hands escaped.  
Both trains were scattered, and some of  
the oxen were killed and others left stand-  
ing in the yokes. The stage from the East  
arrived this morning two hours late. The  
number of people known to have been  
killed within the last four or five days'  
attacks aggregate about forty. The Indian  
trail leaving the stage road yesterday  
leads toward the Black range, and in the  
vicinity of Hillsboro mining camp.

**FOSTER'S MAJORITY.**

COLUMBUS, Oct. 16.—Returns from eighty-  
four out of eighty-eight counties give Fos-  
ter, Republican, 19,927 majority. The  
other counties will make it 20,000.

**GOOD ENOUGH.**

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 16.—The election  
returns received here to-day do not change  
the totals from the figures and estimates  
of the Republican State Central Commit-  
tee, as sent to the Associated Press last  
night. Gov. Gear's majority over all his  
competitors, will be 25,000. His majority  
over Trimble (Dem.) will be about 30,000,  
and over Campbell (Greenbacker) about  
105,000. The total poll of the State will be  
218,000, of which Gear gets 157,000, Trim-  
ble 75,000, Campbell 45,000, and Dugan  
6,000.  
In the Legislature, 26 of the 29 Senators  
elected this year are Republicans, and 39  
out of the 100 members of the House.

**CREMATION.**

**Disposition of the Remains of the  
Late Dr. Moynie—Simple Success-  
ful Before the Incineration—Successful  
Results of the Operation.**

PITTSBURG, Pa., October 16.—At eight  
o'clock this morning services were read at  
the late residence of Dr. Le Moynie. They  
were brief and simple, consisting of the  
reading of a few selections from the Scrip-  
tures, and prayer by Dr. Hayes, President  
of Washington College. The remains were  
then conveyed to the crematory in a  
hearse, Dr. Frank Le Moynie, Julius  
Le Moynie, and several friends of the  
family acting as pall-bearers.  
After announcing that the relatives re-  
quested all persons to return to the village,  
the Doctor uttered the benediction, and  
the door was closed shutting out all but  
the relatives and those employed to do the  
work about the furnace. About 10 o'clock  
the body was taken out of the furnace and  
placed upon the crib. At 10:30 o'clock the  
door of the retort was opened. The body,  
covered with a sheet which had been  
saturated with alumina was thrust in and  
the door closed. In a few seconds a dense  
volume of black smoke rose from the  
chimney, and the odor of  
burning flesh greeted the olfactory of the  
few persons who remained outside. The  
furnace was not sufficiently incandescent,  
and the progress of incineration was rat-  
her slow. At 12 o'clock the man in charge  
of the furnace pronounced the cremation  
accomplished. There was a cremation,  
very little interest taken in the affair by the  
public. The ultimate remains will not be  
removed from the retort before Saturday  
evening. What disposition will be made  
of them is known only to the family.  
About one o'clock a story obtained cur-  
rency in Pittsburg that, owing to the  
furnace not being hot enough, the remains

were frying, or baking, instead of burning.  
This occasioned some excitement, which  
was allayed by a telegram from Washing-  
ton, stating that everything was going on  
satisfactorily. The time was a little longer  
than in the case of Baron Von Palm and  
Mrs. Pittman, but no serious difficulty was  
encountered, and the managers of the affair  
pronounce it a success.

**THE SITUATION.**

In the Wheat Market at Milwaukee.  
MILWAUKEE, Oct. 16.—Those who antici-  
pated great excitement in the wheat mar-  
ket were greatly disappointed, for before  
the hour of 'Change dispatches were re-  
ceived from Chicago warranting specula-  
tion in November options based at  
\$1.20 1/2 and 1.20 3/4, and December at  
\$1.23 1/2 and 1.23 3/4. Little was done in  
October, at \$1.20 for No. 2. Cash wheat,  
No. 3 hard, ranged at \$1.20 before the  
Board opened. Prices receded gradually,  
but prices became more buoyant during  
the noon board. At the close \$1.21 and  
\$1.22 was freely bid.

**TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.**

RACINE, Oct. 16.—This afternoon the  
Woman's Temperance Alliance, which has  
been in session in this city for the past two  
days, at the Presbyterian church, adjourned.  
The meeting has been a very success-  
ful and enthusiastic one, and the ladies  
are very much encouraged at the progress  
they made in their good work. The fol-  
lowing officers were elected for the ensu-  
ing year: Key Mrs. Hinkle, Racine,  
president; Mrs. A. Hilyer, Waupun,  
vice president; Mrs. Wm. Drakos, Milwa-  
ukee, second vice president; Mrs. D. A. Beale,  
Geneva Lake, corresponding secretary;  
Miss L. Goodell, Janesville, recording sec-  
retary; Mrs. Kate Hooker, Waupun, treas-  
urer.

**PRESIDENT HAYES.**

CLEVELAND, Oct. 16.—President Hayes  
and family arrived in this city this after-  
noon. This evening they attended the  
wedding of Eugene H. Cowles, the Wash-  
ington correspondent of the "Leader."  
After the wedding a reception was given  
the President by Colonel John Hay, at  
his residence, on Euclid avenue. The Presi-  
dent leaves here to-morrow for Columbus.

**ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.**

OSHKOSH, Oct. 16.—Adam Biedler, resid-  
ing on Rosalia street, attempted suicide on  
Tuesday night by taking a dose of laudan-  
um. The timely arrival of a physician  
and stomach pump probably saved the  
man's life, although he still suffers from  
the effects of the poison. Family troubles  
are said to be the cause.

**OH! MY!!**

MILTON, Oct. 16.—The Democratic con-  
vention at Milton Junction to-day nomi-  
nated Miss Mary Ann Cuckoo, of Bradford,  
for county superintendent, and  
E. J. Carpenter, of Turtle,  
for the Assembly. Miss Cuckoo  
is a graduate of Milton College.

**LAMAR'S SPEECH.**

VICKSBURG, Oct. 16.—In a speech here,  
Lamar deplored the Yazoo affair and favored  
Bayard for the Presidency.

**STOCK OPERATIONS THAT PAY.**

The past few weeks have been prolific of im-  
mense percentages of profits at the New York  
Exchanges, by the careful use of moderate sums  
in well selected stocks. The late success of  
returning a legitimate gain on capital invested ac-  
cording to correct business principles. Great ac-  
tivities prevail in the market, and the most  
successful method for operating in a regu-  
lar way is in financial Union by the Protective  
System of dealing in stocks, which affords abso-  
lute protection against every risk. This is  
why the Protective System excels all. On  
Monday three gentlemen in New York each in-  
vested \$100,000 in Lake Shore stock by the Fi-  
nancial Union System, and on Thursday closed the  
operation with a net profit of \$3,327.47 for each  
investor. Thursday a bank cashier in Phila-  
delphia put \$5,000 in Protective Options on North-  
western stock, and on Saturday closed the con-  
tract with \$12,000 profit. Early in the pre-  
vious week two mechanics in Boston united their  
capital and invested \$400 in Michigan Central,  
and 19 days afterwards they acknowledged re-  
ceipt of \$1,329.55 profits. The last week in July  
five farmers in Central New York invested \$500  
each in Financial Union, and on Saturday a promi-  
nent Philadelphia politician invested \$1,500 in Dela-  
ware, Lackawanna and Western and Michigan  
Central stocks, and in five days drew out of the  
St. Louis put \$2,500 in Protective on St. Paul and  
Northwestern stocks, and fifteen days afterward  
are assured of a proportionate success by the Fi-  
nancial Union System on regular sales, that leave a  
control of funds in the hands of investors, with a  
guarantee of 60 per cent. All operations are  
conducted of straightforward treatment by the  
Financial Union System. Orders filled and in-  
formation furnished by Messrs. E. W. Duggan,  
Bankers and Brokers, No. 19 Broad Street,  
New York City.

**THE REBELLION.**

However, notwithstanding our total want  
of preparation to carry on the war, we un-  
dertook to raise your Government, and  
with the aid of loyal Democrats in the  
North we were successful. We fought the  
war through to the end, and when the  
rebels surrendered at Appomattox they  
surrendered to a Government. They  
submitted that they had submitted their  
State to the Government, and the arbitrament  
of arms had been conquered, and they  
surrendered to the Government of the  
United States of America. They made no  
claim against this Government then, for  
they had none. They pledged, in the very  
ordinance of secession which they signed,  
their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred  
honor to the overthrow of this Govern-  
ment, and when they failed to overthrow  
the Government they forfeited all that they  
had pledged. They made no claim because  
they had none. All that they did was to  
ask for a boon, not as a right—for they had  
forfeited all right—that their miserable  
lives might be spared by the Government  
of the United States. We gave them their  
lives and we told them to take their hor-  
rible and go home and make their crops. They  
had forfeited every dollar of their prop-  
erty by the very pledge they had given, yet  
we gave them back their property. We  
found them naked and we clothed them.  
They had forfeited their right to citizen-  
ship, and we gave them back their right  
to citizenship. We took them to our bos-  
om's brethren, hoping that they had re-  
pent of their sins and heresies. We be-  
lieved the fact that they had invited them to  
the feast, and then they gravely informed us  
that they had always owned that call.  
[Laughter.] Such magnanimity as was  
exhibited by these rebels was never before  
exhibited by any nation as recorded in  
either sacred or profane history. Never  
was such magnanimity been shown, and in  
my humble judgment never will be again.  
[Laughter.]

**THE SOUTH DETERMINED TO RULE.**

I was out of the Senate for four years,  
and returned on the 4th of March last. I  
returned to the old seat and found the self-  
same issues were being discussed that were  
there twenty-seven years ago, and had I  
closed my eyes I could have believed that  
I had taken a Rip Van Winkle sleep for  
that period. In 1851 the Democrats said,  
"If you don't do this, or if you do that we

**SOUTHERN RULE.**

**A Vigorous Speech by Hon.  
Zach Chandler.**

**Some Remarkable Historical  
Facts Concerning the Repub-  
lican Party.**

**The Party's Magnanimity Met  
with Ingratitude.**

**The Danger to be Feared from a  
Solid South.**

Hon. Zach Chandler delivered a speech  
at Flushing (R. I.) to an audience of many  
thousands. The following are liberal ex-  
tracts from the speech, every word of  
which should be carefully read:  
THE ADDRESS.

Mr. Chairman and Fellow Citizens:  
When I address you to-night as fellow citi-  
zens, I do so in a broad sense. It has be-  
come customary in some parts of this land  
to confine citizenship to narrow limits of  
State lines; I am not a citizen of New  
York, but I address you as fellow citizens  
of the United States of America. [Ap-  
plause.] Fellow citizens, a great crime has  
been done; a crime against Republican  
institutions, against this government, and  
against civil liberty throughout the world;  
and to a certain extent, the crime is still  
at large. This evening I shall devote my-  
self chiefly to the "History of a Crime,"  
but shall also allude to certain  
issues, some local and others National.

Speaking of the financial affairs of the  
Nation and of the successful carrying out  
of the Republican schemes of reumption,  
the Senator said: "It has been a custom  
among the honorable nations to mark the  
spot where a great crime has been com-  
mitted, and each individual in passing that  
spot would cast a stone, and in course of  
time these stones would grow to be a monu-  
ment. Now, regardless of party, a great  
crime was committed upon our financial  
system—that is, an attempted crime—and  
we have for the last forty days been fol-  
lowing the custom of those honorable na-  
tions, and have thrown a ton of gold upon  
the grave of that attempted crime. And we  
are going to continue to build up that  
monument of gold, and all the powers of  
Greenbackism, soft-moneyism, infla-  
tionism and flatism, shall never disturb it."  
[Applause.]

After referring to the National Bank  
system, and pointing out that by it the  
Government gained sixteen and a half  
millions annually in the taxes which these  
banks pay, Mr. Chandler spoke of the  
enormous claims brought against the Gov-  
ernment by the South—war claims, claims  
for river and harbor improvements which  
it was impossible to make, and other mat-  
ters. I have here a list, also, of just such  
claims, amounting to two thousand mil-  
lions of dollars, that are brought before the  
two Houses of Congress, and there is noth-  
ing between these rebel claims and the  
Treasury of the United States except the  
Presidential veto. Thank God for the  
veto. [Applause.] But to show I do not  
overstate these claims, I have here a  
circular which has already been largely  
signed, and is still being circulated for sig-  
nature in the South: "We, citizens of the  
United States, most respectfully petition  
your honorable body to enact a law by  
which all citizens of every section of the  
United States may be paid for all their  
property destroyed by the government  
and the loss of both sides during the late  
war between the States, in bonds earning  
3 per cent. interest per annum, matured  
within the next 100 years."

ABOUT FRAUD.  
You have heard the cry of fraud, I sup-  
pose. [Laughter.] I know something  
about fraud, too. The cry has been so of-  
ten repeated that I propose to give you  
a few statistics upon the subject. The  
whole loss to the Government upon all  
moneys collected during the administra-  
tion of Polk was \$3,341 on the \$1,000; dur-  
ing that of Taylor and Fillmore \$7,441;  
Pierce, \$5,861; Buchanan, \$6,981; Lincoln,  
\$1,411 [applause]; Johnson, 48 cents; dur-  
ing Grant's first term, 40 cents; and during his  
second term, 26 cents to the \$1,000. [Loud  
applause.] That is every cent that was  
lost out of all the money received by the  
Treasury. Of all the money received  
from customs from the date on which  
Abraham Lincoln was sworn in down to the  
date of President Grant's administra-  
tion, the whole loss was less than one six-  
tieth of 1 per cent. Since the world was  
created there has been no Government, no  
financial institution, no place of business,  
that has carried on with such absolute  
fidelity to its trust as is shown in these fig-  
ures.

THE REBELLION.  
However, notwithstanding our total want  
of preparation to carry on the war, we un-  
dertook to raise your Government, and  
with the aid of loyal Democrats in the  
North we were successful. We fought the  
war through to the end, and when the  
rebels surrendered at Appomattox they  
surrendered to a Government. They  
submitted that they had submitted their  
State to the Government, and the arbitrament  
of arms had been conquered, and they  
surrendered to the Government of the  
United States of America. They made no  
claim against this Government then, for  
they had none. They pledged, in the very  
ordinance of secession which they signed,  
their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred  
honor to the overthrow of this Govern-  
ment, and when they failed to overthrow  
the Government they forfeited all that they  
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pent of their sins and heresies. We be-  
lieved the fact that they had invited them to  
the feast, and then they gravely informed us  
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[Laughter.] Such magnanimity as was  
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exhibited by any nation as recorded in  
either sacred or profane history. Never  
was such magnanimity been shown, and in  
my humble judgment never will be again.  
[Laughter.]

**THE SOUTH DETERMINED TO RULE.**

I was out of the Senate for four years,  
and returned on the 4th of March last. I  
returned to the old seat and found the self-  
same issues were being discussed that were  
there twenty-seven years ago, and had I  
closed my eyes I could have believed that  
I had taken a Rip Van Winkle sleep for  
that period. In 1851 the Democrats said,  
"If you don't do this, or if you do that we

will shoot your Governor to death." And  
now, after more than twenty years, they  
had changed the order of proceedings, that  
was all, and said, "If you don't do what we  
demand we will starve your Government  
to death." If I am going to die, I would  
rather be shot to death with musketry than  
starved. They have not only given us no  
credit for the magnanimity shown to them,  
but to-day they are just as wickedly deter-  
mined to rule or ruin this Government as  
they were twenty-two years ago. There  
are thirty-six representatives on the floor  
of the House without one solitary consti-  
tuent and in violation of law. They hold  
their seats as representing 4,000,000 col-  
ored men who were once slaves, and who  
are now as absolutely disfranchised as if  
they lived in another sphere. These thirty-  
six representatives of the negro race consti-  
tute the Democratic majority both in  
the Democratic caucus and in the House  
of Representatives; and these men by the  
dictation of caucus control the legisla-  
tion. Twelve Senators occupy their  
seats through fraud and violence, and that  
is more than the Democratic majority in  
the caucus. During the extra session of  
Congress, we could not adjourn either  
House without the permission of the Dem-  
ocratic caucus. Some say that the rebel  
single pledge was made by the United  
States soldier, but I do not believe it. Let  
me tell you this, however: "To-day in  
South Carolina, Mississippi, Louisiana, Al-  
abama and several of the Gulf States, the  
vote of the rebel soldier counts more than  
two of the votes of the Union soldier."

**WORK OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.**

The cry has gone forth that the mission  
of the Republican party is ended. Well,  
if there ever was a political organization that  
was prepared to die, so far as a future  
single pledge ever made by the United  
States soldier, but I do not believe it. Let  
me tell you this, however: "To-day in  
South Carolina, Mississippi, Louisiana, Al-  
abama and several of the Gulf States, the  
vote of the rebel soldier counts more than  
two of the votes of the Union soldier."

The mission of the Republican party is  
not ended, and what is more, will never  
end until you and I can start on the Cana-  
dian trip, travel to the Gulf of Mexico, and  
from there to the southern Texas, make  
"black Republican" speeches if we choose,  
vote the "black Republican" ticket where-  
ever we get a residence, and do these  
things with the same absolute safety with  
which the rebel gentleman may to-day  
travel to the North, settle wherever he  
please, talk treason and vote the Democrat-  
ic ticket. [Laughter and applause.]

Be sure and call at Wheelock's Crockery Store and see the new lamps of all kinds, also other new and reasonable goods and full particulars. Try our cure



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Put up by A. BOOTH.  
THEY CANNOT BE EXCELLED.  
For Sale by  
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Published every Tuesday and Friday, at \$5.00 per  
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PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, at great bargains, at  
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**FOR SALE—A LARGE COAL STOVE, SUIT-  
able for a store or hall, is almost new. Call at  
JOHN H. WINGATE.**  
**FOR SALE—ONE SECOND HAND FAMILY**  
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bar buggy. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to  
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**FOR RENT—SECOND HAND PIANO AND**  
Organ on favorable terms. Apply to  
MOSLEY BROS.

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**LACE NOVELTIES**  
Beautiful new Point Des-Sprey  
Fichues. Bretonne Lace Ties  
and Lace Handkerchiefs received  
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Inspection invited. oct16d1v  
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